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POLITICAL

CHINESE COMMUNIST REPORTS OF WFTU SPEECH VARY GREATLY AND IT

Comment: In their reports on the recent Peiping WFTU (World Federation of Trade Unions) general council meeting, the Peiping Jen-min Jih-pao of 7 June 1960 and the Prague Hsin-hua Daily Bulletin of 8 June 1960 showed interesting divergences in versions they carried of the speech of Rubens Iscaro, delegate from Argentina and secretary-general of the Argentine Construction Workers Union. The Hsin-hua version credited Iscaro with much stronger statements and a closer adherence to the Chinese line on the international situation and the role of the trade unions. The two versions of the speech follow.

Iscaro pointed out that American imperialism is the most important enemy of the world's people. Only by struggle will the people be able to achieve peace. American imperialism shattered the four heads of government conference and exposed the two-faced policy of American imperialism and the true face of its false peace. This aggressive act of the American imperialists exposed the aggressive nature of imperialism once again. In the present situation, the workers of the whole world, more than at any other time, must make their struggle clearly anti-imperialist. An anti-imperialist struggle is a struggle for peace. The Latin American people no longer fear imperialism. It has become merely a paper tiger in the people's eyes. The aim of the WFTU in the present international situation must be to explain even more the WFTU aim to better arouse the working class to oppose their most important enemy, American imperialism. (Peiping, Jen-min Jih-pao, 7 Jun 60)

He /Iscaro/ stressed that the working classes all over the world should be called on to oppose the main enemy, US imperialism. Peace can be won only by fighting for it, he declared. He pointed out that the US imperialists, by sabotaging the summit conference, exposed before the whole world the ugly face of their two-sided policy and of their fake peace. The US espionage planes and the US laws which countenance aggression revealed the war-mongering nature of US imperialism.

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Rubens Iscaro said, "The fight against imperialism is the fight for peace." He emphasized that the workers today, more than at any other time, should give to their economic, social, and political struggles an anti-imperialist character.

He referred to the daily increasing hatred of colonialism and imperialism and the victories in the national democratic and anti-imperialist struggles in Argentina and other Latin American countries. "The masses of people are no longer afraid of imperialism," he said. When imperialism is no longer feared by the people, it becomes a mere paper tiger in the eyes of the people, he said.

He pointed out that the Cuban revolution meant defeat for US imperialism and stressed that the united force of the Latin American workers and other people can defeat imperialist aggression against the Cuban revolution. Iscaro spoke of the strikes sweeping Latin America and pointed out that they are linked with the fight against imperialism. He said that united proletarian action is a major characteristic of the current struggle in Latin America and declared that the time is now opportune for the trade union forces in most Latin American countries to unite and take

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ECONOMIC

joint action. (Prague, Hsin-hua (NCNA) Daily Bulletin, 8 Jun 60)

DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CEMA PRICE SYSTEM FOR FOREIGN TRADE PREDICTED -- Bonn, Wirtschaft des Ostblocks, No 26, 8 Jul 60

Concurrently with the revaluation of the ruble on 1 January 1961, a change-over in foreign trade pricing is being planned by CEMA countries. According to information from within the GDR Ministry of Foreign Trade, a new price system is gradually to be developed which is to serve as means to raise the less-developed CEMA countries (Bulgaria, Albania, and also Rumania and Hungary) as quickly as possible to the advanced development stage of Czechoslovakia and the GDR. This change will be effected in the course of several years.

The CEMA countries have agreed to depart from the hitherto applicable price basis which, in essence, corresponded to the world market level. Use value will replace exchange value as the prime economic determinant of price formation, which also will be influenced by the political aim of achieving an even transition from socialism to Communism.

Countries (21)7 For details, see External Economic Relations of Bloc

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HUNGARY AND POLAND DUPLICATE MACHINERY PRODUCTION FOR CEMA -- Budapest, Figyelo, Vol IV, No 24, 14 Jun 60, p 4

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CEMA has recommended that Hungary produce corn processing (silage harvesting) machines for the CEMA countries. While a heavy machine of this type is in production in Hungary, a new, lighter and more efficient machine is being held up in the process of "classification." In the meantime, Poland has already begun producing a light corn-processing machine similar to the new one slated for production in Hungary.

RAPID INCREASE IN NUMBER OF AGRICULTURAL CIRCLES IN POLAND -- Warsaw, Trybuna Ludu, 5 Jul 60

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Wroclaw Wojewodztwo now has 1,000 agricultural circles with 18,900 members, while in January 1959 it had only 589 agricultural circles with 12,000 members. Thus, progress in the past 18 months has been rapid.

RATION TICKETS FOR POTATOES IN EAST GERMANY -- Magdeburg, Volksstimme, 5 Jul 60, p 6

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The Department for Trade and Supply of the Magdeburg-Sued City District Council announced to all spokesmen of house and street communities that ration tickets for potatoes will be issued at specified places on 8 July 1960. Stragglers will receive their tickets on 11 July 1960. The Department of Trade and Supply of the Magdeburg-Mitte City District Council will also issue tickets.

ROAD PAVING IN RUMANIA COSTS LESS THAN SET PRICE -- Bucharest, Revista Transporturilor, No 5, May 60, p 215

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The Iasi Road Construction Enterprise No 3 has determined that the average cost price of paving one kilometer of modernized road is 501,000 lei for projects employing asphalt concrete binding of pure sifted gravel. The approved set price for this is 650,000 lei; thus, there is a saving of 149,000 lei per kilometer. For projects employing cement concrete, the average cost per kilometer is 692,000 lei, as compared with the approved set price of 750,000 lei. For projects employing "subif" /not further identified/, the average cost per kilometer is 435,000 lei, as compared with the approved set price of 530,000 lei. -- Engr. I. Ghita

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SOCIOLOGICAL

HUNGARIAN PERIODICAL NOTES DIFFERENCE IN MOVIE AND BOOK VERSIONS OF SHUTE'S RUSSO-CHINESE WAR PREDICTION -- Budapest, Valosag, May/Jun 60, pp 131-133

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Kramer's film / "On the Beach" / actually does differ from Neville Shute's book... Shute wrote: "The Russian-Chinese war had suddenly engulfed the northern hemisphere as a consequence of the war between the Soviet Union and NATO. This war, in turn, was a consequence of the Israeli-Arab conflict precipitated by Albania. The Russians and the Chinese used cobalt bombs...." One of his / Shute's / heroes, the American Captain Towers, faithfully repeats what he had heard 6 weeks before the outbreak of the war at a Pentagon conference. According to him, the Americans had foreseen the war because "the Russians laid cliam to Shanghai and the Chinese wanted to reduce Russia again to the rank of the agrarian states...." Shute wrote these cold war idiocies in 1957..... (Reprint of review by P. Juquin in La Nouvelle Critique, No 113, 1960, of film version of "On the Beach")

CHINESE GEOLOGISTS PUBLICATION REPRESENTS "NEW SCHOOL OF THOUGHT" -- Lanchou, Kansu Jih-pao, 20 Mar 60, p 1

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Twenty-three young geologists of the Lan-chou Institute of Geology have produced a 500,000-word publication called Principles of the Nature and Distribution of Inland Oil and Gas Fields in China's Northwest (Chung-kuo Hsi-pei Ch'u Lu-hsiang Yu-ch'i-t'ien-ti Hsing-ch'eng Chi'ch'i Fen-pu Kuei-lu), more briefly titled A Special Treatise on Inland Petroleum Yields (Lu-hsiang Sheng-yu Chuan-chu) which has been recognized by the director of the Institute of Geology of the Academia Sinica in Peiping as representing a "a new school of thought in petroleum geology." This break-through in petroleum geology disposes of the old capitalist petroleum geologists' theory that China must ever remain poor in petroleum resources because it has few or no marine sedimentation areas, which are necessary for petroleum reserves.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL

UKRAINIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REINFORCING DEVELOPMENT OF CYBERNETICS -- Kiev, Dopovidi Akademii Neuk Ukrains'koi RSR, No 4, Apr 60, p 549

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The Presidium of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, recognizing that research in cybernetics in the institutes of the academy is not being adequately developed, has decreed the organization of new sections on cybernetics within the Institute of Mathematics to train the necessary

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cadres and create a material base for the future Institute of Cybernetics of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR. These new sections include simulation of higher nervous activity (headed by M. M. Amosov, Doctor of Medical Sciences) and dynamics and simulation of control systems (headed by A. I. Kukhtenko, Doctor of Technical Sciences).

The basic tasks of the Institute of Cybernetics, when it is finally organized in the near future, will be to study the theoretical principles of cybernetics (general theory of automata, algorithms and controlling systems, information theory, game theory, and theory of random processes), to study the principal problems in automation of production processes (technical and industrial cybernetics), automation of accounting and planning (cybernetic problems of economics), to study human higher nervous activity, theory of regulation in living organisms, and simulation of sensory organs, and also problems of mathematical linguistics and the theory of information machines (including automatic diagnostics).

B. V. Gnedenko, Academician of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR; V. M. Glushko, Corresponding Member of the same Academy of Sciences; and Prof M. M. Amosov have been charged with working out the prospective organizational structure of the new Institute of Cybernetics.

The presidium also ordered the organization on 1 January 1960 of the following new sections in the Computation Center of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR: automation of statistical accounting and planning (Section on Economic Cybernetics headed by V. S. Mikhalevich, Candidate of Physicomathematical Sciences) and technical cybernetics. V. M. Glushkov is responsible for general direction of works in cybernetics in the Computation Center as well as for the organization of the new sections.

Comment: The Soviet program to unite various scientific disciplines into a new interdisciplinary trend in science (cybernetics) continues. Recently, Doklady Akademii Nark SSR, Vol 132, No 5, 1960, introduced a new section entitled "Cybernetics and Theory of Regulation." The first article under this new section was "On the Structure of the Algorithm for an Independent Grammatical Analysis of the Russian Language," by T. M. Nikolayeva (pp 1049-1050).7

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